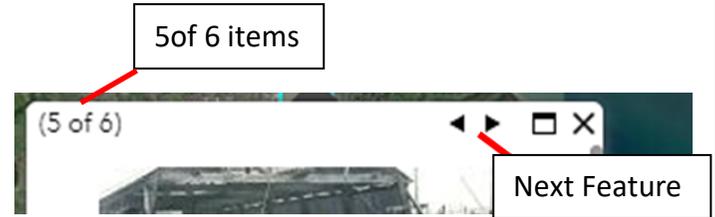


### Isle of Wight Anglo-Saxons Digital Explorer Quiz (KS3)

Your Questions	
<p><b>Q1</b></p>	<p>This is a picture (view) of the Isle of Wight taken from space by a camera on a satellite and is called a satellite map. Make the map bigger by zooming in to it and see if you can find the place where your school is.</p> <p>Each of the orange pins shown on the map marks a place on the Island (like your school). Each pin has a story about an interesting object from history. All of these objects (artefacts) date from before 1066 and are over 1,000 years old.</p> <p>Click on a pin on the coast near the sea to select an object:</p> <p>There may be more than one item so check each pop-up window as it opens. Click on the Next Feature arrow(s) (shown at the top of the pop-up window) to skip through them.</p> <p>Write down the name of the object you choose:</p> <p>What am I? <input type="text"/></p> <p>Your answer: <input type="text"/></p>
<p><b>Q2</b></p>	<p>Click on a pin in the middle of the Island to pick another object. Write down the name of the object you choose:</p> <p>What Am I? <input type="text"/></p> <p>Your answer: <input type="text"/></p>
	<p>We can also use the search box, found at the top-left of the screen and outlined in red here, to look or search for individual objects. Try it out and see what it can do.</p> <p>As you type letters into the box a drop-down list will appear. Choose one in the list by highlighting it and pressing enter. The map will now move to the location you have chosen (the pin will show in a small blue box).</p>



<p><b>Q3</b></p>	<p>The Anglo-Saxons were not the first people to occupy the Isle of Wight. In fact, we have evidence of people living here for at least 100,000 years. The Anglo-Saxons only arrived here 1,500 years ago!</p> <p>Search for 3 artefacts on the map that you think are older than the Anglo-Saxons. Write down what they are and something they tell us about the Island before the Anglo-Saxons arrived.</p> <p>Artefact 1: Your Answer:</p> <p>Artefact 2: Your Answer:</p> <p>Artefact 3: Your Answer:</p>
	<p>Now we are going to look for some evidence that survives in the landscape left behind by the Anglo-Saxons which is still around today. There are 2 main types of evidence that we will look for: <b>artefacts</b> and <b>place-names</b></p>
<p><b>Q4</b></p>	<p>Most artefacts we have found come from cemetery sites where the Anglo-Saxons buried their dead. You are going to research artefacts found at one of these sites and prepare an exhibition label for a museum display.</p> <p>Type in <b>Bowcombe Down</b> in the search box. Choose an artefact from the list that appears. Select it by highlighting and clicking on it. You will zoom in to that item and a pop-up window will open at the place where it was found.</p> <p>Describe the artefact you have found. Your answer:</p> <p>When you have finished, click anywhere on the map to close the pop-up window. Now carefully zoom in yourself on the cluster of orange pins and click on each, to open up information about 5 other artefacts found at Bowcombe Down.</p>

**Q5**

Describe 2-3 of these artefacts found on this site and use your artefact descriptions to write a 50 – 100 word exhibition label for a museum display.

Artefact 1:  
Your Answer:

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Artefact 2:  
Your Answer:

--

Artefact 3:  
Your Answer:

--

Write your label here:

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**What is the  
'clue letter'**

**(add it to box 5 on  
last page - clue  
letters found)**

One of the items found at Bowcombe Down was made by a Roman and buried with an Anglo-Saxon. What is its 'clue letter' (found at the bottom of the pop-up window)?

	<p>When you have finished your label and written down the 'Clue Letter', click anywhere on the map to close the pop-up window. Now click on the 'Home' button top left (it looks like a house!)  to zoom out. Finally, click on the X in the search box to clear your last search</p>
<p><b>Q6</b></p> <p><b>What is the 'clue letter'</b></p> <p><b>(add it to box 6 of clue letters found)</b></p>	<p>Now type <b>cemetery</b> into the search box and select the first <b>Chessell Down</b> entry from the drop-down menu that appears. What is the name of the artefact you find here and what artistic tradition is it from?</p> <p>Name of Artefact and tradition: <input data-bbox="703 443 2024 584" type="text"/></p> <p>What materials is it made of? <input data-bbox="703 584 2024 724" type="text"/></p> <p>Now close the pop-up window, click the home button and clear the search box as before.</p>
<p><b>Q7</b></p>	<p>The Jutes were a grouping of Anglo-Saxon peoples that came across to England from northern Denmark soon after the Roman army left Britain. We find evidence of their presence on the Isle of Wight.</p> <p>Search for <b>Jutish</b> using the search box and select <b>Shalcombe Down</b> from the drop-down menu that appears.</p> <p>Describe the artefact you find (don't forget you can scroll down and open an Attachment link to see a larger picture).</p> <p>Your answer: <input data-bbox="703 1114 2024 1295" type="text"/></p>

<p><b>Q7</b> (continued)</p> <p><b>What is the 'clue letter'</b></p> <p>(add it to box 7 of clue letters found)</p>	<p>How do you think the artefact looks now compared to when it was in use by its owner? Why might it look different? If you had a family sword in Anglo-Saxon times, what might you have called it?</p> <p>Your answers: <input data-bbox="705 284 2027 464" type="text"/></p> <p>What material is it made of? <input data-bbox="705 486 2027 571" type="text"/></p> <p>Now close the pop-up window, click the home button and clear the search box as before.</p>
<p><b>Q8</b></p> <p><b>What is the 'clue letter'</b></p> <p>(add it to box 8 of clue letters found)</p>	<p>Not everyone in Anglo-Saxon times would have had a sword, only the wealthy. Find the artefact archaeologists have discovered on <b>Arreton Down</b> which would have been used by most people living on the Island in Anglo-Saxon times for defence and hunting.</p> <p>What type of metal is it made of? <input data-bbox="705 775 2027 863" type="text"/></p>
<p><b>Q9</b></p> <p><b>What is the 'clue letter'</b></p> <p>(add it to box 9 of clue letters found)</p>	<p>We know that during the Anglo-Saxon period, people on the Island began to be baptised in the <b>Christian</b> religion in early churches. Can you find an artefact (don't forget to view its larger image) that tells you a little more about the history of Christianity on the Island?</p> <p>What is it and what type of metal is it made of? <input data-bbox="705 1038 2027 1126" type="text"/></p> <p>What is riveted onto its handle that makes us think it is linked to Christianity? <input data-bbox="705 1235 2027 1323" type="text"/></p>

<p><b>Q10</b></p>	<p>We have spent some time looking at Anglo-Saxon artefacts left behind for us to find. Have a look back at your answers.</p>				
<p>What materials were most of them made of?</p>	<input type="text"/>				
<p>Why do you think these materials survived more than 1,000 years for us to find today?</p>	<input type="text"/>				
<p>Which materials that haven't survived would also have been used by Anglo-Saxon people?</p>	<input type="text"/>				
	<p>You should now have identified 5 clue letters. Write them all down in the boxes 5-9 below and unscramble them to find the word we use to describe 'a small valley through which a stream or river does not run'. This word comes from the Anglo-Saxon (Old English) language word 'cumb' which has the same meaning.</p>				
<p><b>Clue letters found to answers</b></p>	<p>5</p>	<p>6</p>	<p>7</p>	<p>8</p>	<p>9</p>

<p><b>Q11</b></p>	<p>Can you name 2 places where Anglo-Saxon artefacts have been discovered with the word you have found included in the place-name? (Clue: You will have come across them when answering the questions above)</p> <p>Your answers: <input data-bbox="707 293 2029 414" type="text"/></p>
	<p>Many names of towns and villages ('settlements') on the Isle of Wight have their origin in the language of Old English introduced by the Anglo-Saxons from northern Europe. This means these places would have existed in Anglo-Saxon times, and some of them probably earlier.</p> <p>Shalfleet, another place you have come across on the map, is also an example of a place-name with Anglo-Saxon origin. Documents dating to late Anglo-Saxon times record it as 'Aet Scealden Fleote', or a shallow stream.</p>