			Supported using public funding by	
Museun	ns & Scho	ols Lesson Plan	Department for Education	
Workshop Title: Isle of Wight Anglo-Saxons Digital Explorer Quiz		<b>Venue:</b> In school.	Key Stage: KS2 Class Size: N/a	
Length of Session: 60 mins		Support Staff Required: N/a	Arrival Details / Risk Assessment: N/a	
Curricul	um Links			
History	<ul> <li>Identifying</li> <li>Understand including a</li> <li>A study over locality</li> </ul>	onnections, contrasts and trends over time and develop appropriate use of		
Geography	<ul> <li>Types of s</li> <li>The Island</li> <li>Economic</li> </ul>	ng places on the Island of settlement and land use and's different topographical zones and relationship to the mainland mic activity including trade links g digital maps and using Geographical Information Systems (GIS)		
STEM	<ul> <li>Improving</li> <li>Using online</li> <li>Counting I</li> </ul>	digital literacy and confidence ne resources to search and find kno etters and spelling out a word		
English and Art	<ul><li>Ask releva</li><li>Work and</li></ul>	e and record information from non-fiction information pop-ups evant questions to extend understanding and knowledge nd communicate collaboratively if undertaken in groups ation and drawing of object from a photograph		
Pre-Sess		le prior learning is percesary		
Prior Learni Required		lo prior learning is necessary		
Resources R	A	<ul> <li>1066 and 1700-1900 Chrono</li> <li>Isle of Wight Before 1066 Int</li> <li>Isle of Wight Before 1066 Dig</li> <li>Isle of Wight Anglo-Saxons D</li> <li>cccess to up-to-date computer hard</li> </ul>	-	



	Card game and physical map version for settings without digital access (pick a card and find the places on a map, undertaken as a class) – from end May 2021		
Vocabulary to be Introduced	Satellite map, artefacts, location, place, chronology, prehistory, history, Stone Age (Palaeolithic), Stone Age (Mesolithic), Stone Age (Neolithic), Bronze Age, Iron Age, Romans, Anglo-Saxons, topography, sherd, strap end, metalworker, bronze, cremation, potter, boss, iron, warrior, arrowhead, greyware, Samian, skillet, tribrach, knapper, craftsperson, gilt, keepsake, hypocaust, mosaic, tesserae, plough share, spearhead, fibula, handaxe		
Learning Objectiv	ves / Outcomes		
ALL students	<ul> <li>Evidence for the Anglo-Saxons can be found on the Isle of Wight</li> <li>Experience working with digital maps and GIS software</li> </ul>		
MOST students	<ul> <li>Understand the types of artefacts discovered on the Isle of Wight, what they look like, how old they are, how they were used and who used them</li> <li>Be able to search for locations and places using GIS software</li> </ul>		
SOME students	<ul> <li>Relate the places they have discovered on the map with real places in the landscape</li> <li>Understand how Anglo-Saxon communities used different parts of the Island (valleys, coasts, hills) in different ways, and why</li> </ul>		
Differentiation	Have a go at developing their own short quiz using the map for other students to use		
/ Extension Activities	Research and propose other items to add to the map, and prepare content for 'pop- up windows'		
Provision for Students with Additional Needs:	This lesson plan has been designed to provide active learning that combines both individual and collaborative engagement. Students can work at individual pace and take an active role in small group/ class-based work. Use of technology supports adjustments for visual and hearing impaired. Duration of digital engagement time is		
Assessment Strategies	focused. Individual completion of activity quiz sheet, classroom drawing collection, discovering the 'Anglo-Saxon' word		
Learner Activitie	s / Questions & Class Organisation		
<b>Starter</b> 15 mins	Dynamic timeline exercise. For example, rolling pins and a long piece of string, with key event/ dates/ date periods as labels tied on with string to give a relative timeline. (Use Before 1066 and 1700-1900 Chronologies provided to assist) Play the introductory film to the Digital Explorer and Quiz		
Activities 35 mins	Using the Digital Explorer resource, complete the activity quiz either individually or in pairs		
Plenary 10 mins	<ul> <li>View the collection of drawings created by the class</li> <li>Invite students to talk about their objects – how heavy do you think it is? (As heavy as a) What do you think it feels like? How long do you think it is? Where was it made? Where was it found? Who used it? and What was it used</li> </ul>		



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	for? (Could have a display of objects to help with this: smooth stones; rough stones; metal objects
	<ul> <li>Introduce the idea of material being from burials, often located in higher more remote places, with living settlements likely to be in valleys close to rivers.</li> </ul>
	• What was the familiar word with Anglo-Saxon origin they discovered?
	The word is 'run' (Iron, Bronze, Running). Derived from the Old English word, 'rinnan'
	It also spells another word 'urn' which has a Latin origin, 'urna', which means a jar or vessel
	Where do they think these objects are now?



